



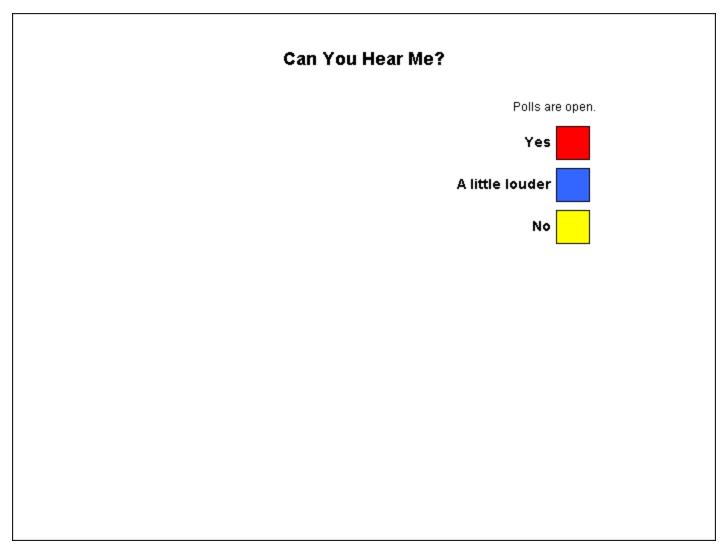




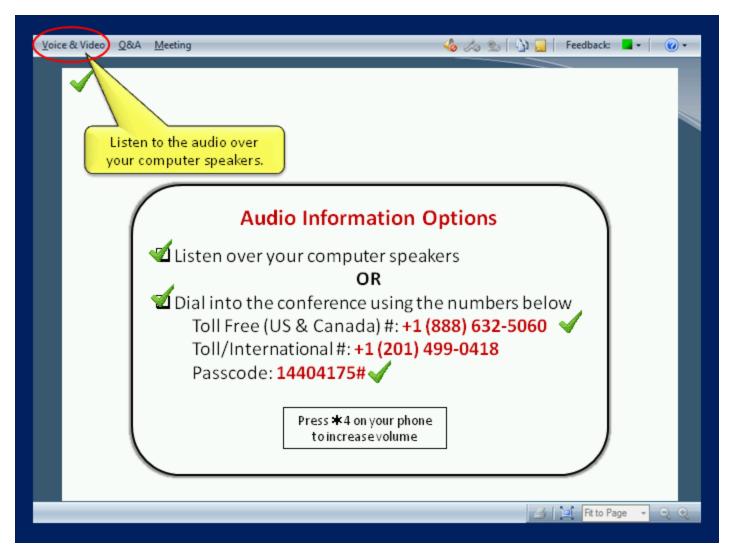
Making Child Nutrition Reauthorization Work for Your Community



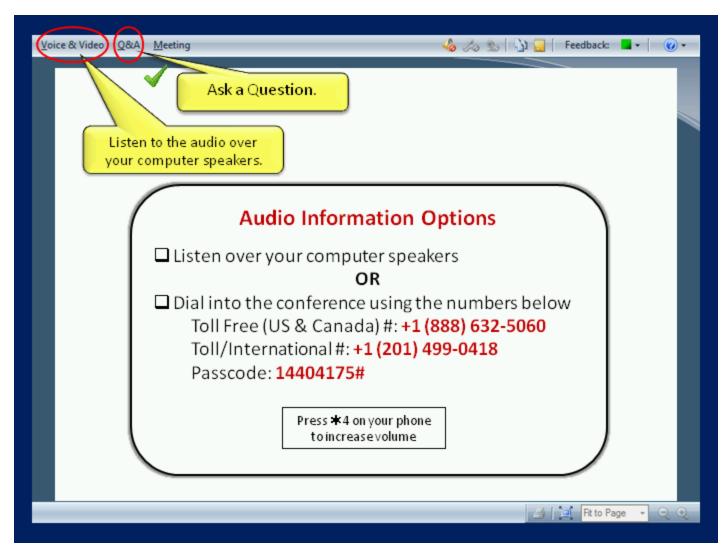
December 17, 2010



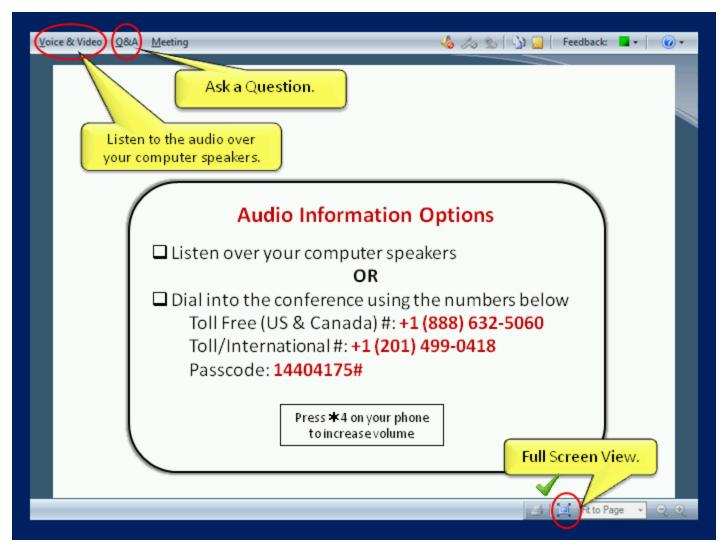
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Slide 2



Slide 4



Slide 5

2







Making Child Nutrition Reauthorization Work for Your Community



December 17, 2010

3

Kevin Concannon Under Secretary for Food, Nutrition & Consumer Services, United States Department of Agriculture



4

- High rates of food insecurity -- 17 million children in the U.S. in food insecure households
- High rates obesity -- 16.9 percent of children and adolescents 2-19 years are obese
- Child nutrition programs play key role in reducing both hunger & obesity



Negative Consequences of Food Insecurity

5

- Poor early child development outcomes
- Poor education outcomes
- Poor child health outcomes
- Higher risk of obesity



Negative Consequences of Food Insecurity

Overweight & Obesity: Consequences

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- Diabetes, hypertension & atherosclerosis
- Mobility limitations
- Depression, anxiety & low self-esteem
- Poor academic performance



Overweight & Obesity: Consequences





- Schools
- Child & Adult Care Food Program & WIC Program
- Afterschool & Summer
 Programs



8



Schools



School Meals: The Need to Reach More Children

- Less than half eat breakfast at school
- Only 1.2 million increase in free and reducedprice lunch participation
- Only 72 percent of children living in SNAP households are directly certified with no paper application



School Meals: The Need to Reach More Children

School Meals: Direct Certification

- Requires continuous improvement plans for states that do not meet targets:
 - 80 percent school year beginning July 2011
 - 90 percent school year beginning July 2012
 - 95 percent school year beginning July 2013
- Provides \$4 million per year (2011 through 2013) for performance awards



School Meals: Direct Certification

School Meals: Direct Certification

- Eliminates the letter method
- New Medicaid Route for Direct Certification
 - 2012 in LEAs serving 2 ½ percent of students qualified for free & reduced-price meals
 - 2013 in LEAs serving 5 percent
 - 2014 & in each subsequent year— in LEAs serving 10 percent
 - States apply to be included



School Meals: Direct Certification

Schools Meals: Community Eligibility

- Allows schools with 40 percent or more of students directly certified for school meals to move to universal
- No more school meal applications
- 11 states (phased in over 3 years





Schools Meals: Community Eligibility

School Meals: Community Eligibility

Blended reimbursement rate:

- Multiply percentage of students directly certified by 1.6
- Apply it to meals served
- Additional meals reimbursed at paid rate





School Meals: Community Eligibility

School Meals: Community Eligibility

Washington Elementary

- Student population 50 percent directly certified
- 80 percent of breakfasts & lunches free rate
- 20 percent paid rate





School Meals: Community Eligibility

School Meals: Other Access Improvements

15

- Establishes three-year demonstration project using community survey data in up to three school districts
- Establishes universal meal demonstration project in high poverty school districts using census data
- Makes foster children automatically eligible for free meals
- Authorizes School Breakfast grants



School Meals: Other Access Improvements

School Meals: Financing Provisions

16

- Directs the Secretary of Agriculture to provide guidance on allowable charges to school food service accounts ("indirect costs")
- Requires a review of local policies on meal charges to parents & the provision of alternate meals
- Requires school districts to increase their "paid" lunch charge each year until it matches the "free" rate



School Meals: Financing Provisions

Schools

17

Creates a school environment that supports good health & reduces obesity



Schools

Competitive Foods

18

Requires USDA to establish national nutrition standards for all foods sold on the school campus throughout the school day ("competitive foods")





Competitive Foods

School Meal Beverages

19

- Allows only lower fat milk options to be served
- Water must be readily available at meal times





School Meal Beverages

School Lunch & Breakfast Standards

20



- USDA must revise the school meal pattern to be consistent with the U.S. Dietary Guidelines
- Revisions will be based on the Institute of Medicine's report, School Meals: Building Blocks for Healthy



School Lunch & Breakfast Standards

Rewards School Meal Improvements

21



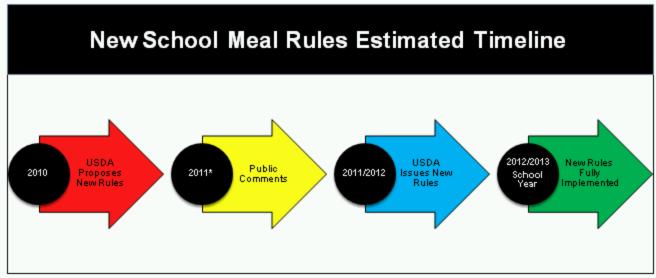
- Adds six cents per child per meal performance-based increase to lunch reimbursement rate
- Creates a system to certify that both breakfast & lunch meet new standards



Rewards School Meal Improvements

New School Meal Rules

22



^{*}USDA generally gives a 60-90 day comment period.



New School Meal Rules

School Wellness Policies

23



Updates local school wellness policies: requires opportunities for public input, transparency, & implementation plan



School Wellness Policies

School Nutrition Environment Report Card

24

Local educational agency report must include:

- Food safety inspections
- Local wellness policies
- Meal program participation
- Nutritional quality of meals



School Nutrition Environment Report Card

Farm-to-School

25



- Establishes a competitive grant & technical assistance program
- Provides \$5 million a year in mandatory funding



Farm-to-School

26



Early Childhood:
Child & Adult Care Food Program (CACFP)
WIC Program



Need for Good Nutrition in Child Care

27

- Even higher rates of food insecurity in families with children under six
- Increasing prevalence of obesity of children two to five
- Good nutrition in child care supports good health, early learning & a lifetime of healthy habits
- CACFP served 1.3 billion meals & snacks in child care centers, Head Start & family child care last year



Need for Good Nutrition in Child Care

CACFP Meal & Snack Standards

28

- USDA must revise CACFP meal pattern to be consistent with U.S. Dietary Guidelines – regulations must be proposed by May 2012
- Revisions will be based on IOM report, CACFP:
 Aligning Dietary Guidance for All (issued November 2010)
- In the interim, USDA must issue CACFP guidance by 2012 to increase consumption of fruits & vegetables, whole grains, & lean proteins



Child Care Beverages

29

- Allows only lower fat milk options to be served to children over ag
- Water must be accessible throughout the day





Child Care Beverages

CACFP Wellness & Nutrition Education

CACFP required to promote health & wellness in child care with a focus on offering good nutrition, plenty of physical activity, & limiting screen time



CACFP Wellness & Nutrition Education

Resources

31

- USDA funded to provide nutrition education resources & training (\$10 million)
- WIC nutrition education resources <u>may</u> be made available at no cost to distribute to child care providers participating in CACFP
- Additional flexibility to maximize reimbursements: sponsoring organizations can use a simplified method of monthly reimbursements ("homes times rates") & carry over up to 10 percent annually



Resources

Less Paperwork for Parents & Providers

32



- Parents can return forms directly to providers
- Parents will only need to give the last four digits of social security number
- Parents, providers & sponsors will no longer have to operate under difficult & ineffective audit procedures FRAC ("block claiming") FOOD RESEARCH and Action Center

Less Paperwork for Parents & Providers

Increasing Access

33



Expands eligibility by allowing the use of high school & middle school data to qualify family child care providers to receive the maximum reimbursement



Increasing Access

WIC Program Improvements

34

- State option for one year eligibility for children, rather than current six months
- Modernize WIC by implementing EBT nationwide by 2020
- Breastfeeding promotion resources & rewards





WIC Program Improvements

35



Afterschool & Summer Programs



Afterschool Meals: Before October 1, 2010

36

- Only 13 states & District of Columbia included
- Snack not enough
- Programs running longer
- Children at greater risk for overweight or obesity when moms work non-traditional hours



Afterschool Meals: Before October 1, 2010

Afterschool Meal Program

37

- Now available in all states
- Funding to serve meals in addition to snacks
- Timing flexible
- Children & teens
- Retroactive funding may be available
- USDA guidance coming very





Afterschool Meal Program

Afterschool Meal Program

38

- Schools, local government agencies & private nonprofits
- To participate:
 - be in a low-income area (50 percent F/RP)
 - provide educational & enrichment activities
 - meet licensing/health & safety standards



Afterschool Meal Program

Afterschool Meals in Action

- DC Office of the State Superintendent of Education and DC Hunger Solutions
- 10,000 children participating fall 2010
- Number of children in DC Public School's Afterschool Program up by 2,000 children
- School district cites Afterschool Meal Program for increase



Afterschool Meals in Action

Summer Food: The Need to Reach More Children

- Serves only 1 in 7
- Food insecurity goes up
- Highest increase in states with low participation
- Demand for emergency food by families with children goes up
- Children gain more weight
- Summer learning loss



Summer Food: The Need to Reach More Children

Summer Food Service Program

- Allows nonprofit organizations to serve more than 25 sites (with no cap on the number of children at each site)
- Requires schools to conduct Summer Food outreach
- Authorizes \$20 million per year for Summer Food Support Grants
- Continues California's Year-Round Summer Food Pilot



Summer Food Service Program

42

Other Key Provisions



State Child Nutrition & WIC Agencies

43



Federally-funded jobs in state child nutrition and WIC agencies must be excluded from state layoffs & furloughs



State Child Nutrition & WIC Agencies

Research & Demonstration Projects

44

- \$10 million for Childhood Hunger
 Research on the causes &
 consequences of childhood hunger
- \$40 million to develop demonstration projects to evaluate innovative strategies to end childhood hunger



Research & Demonstration Projects

Nutrition Education & Obesity Prevention Grant Program

45

- Creates a new SNAP ED nutrition education & obesity prevention grant program to carry out nutrition education for participants to promote healthy food choices
- Eliminates state match
- Allows greater flexibility in education options



Nutrition Education & Obesity Prevention Grant Program

Check List



- Afterschool programs should contact their state child nutrition agency about the Afterschool Meal Program or to discuss possible retroactive funding
- Summer Food outreach plans should include increasing nonprofit participation & working with schools on outreach
- Maximize new area eligibility options & promote CACFP's new easier paperwork to parents & child care providers



Check List

Check List



- Promote progress on school & child care milk & water requirements
- WIC State agencies should adopt & vigorously promote new one year eligibility for children option
- School districts should contact their state child nutrition agency and USDA Regional Office now about being included in the initial Community Eligibility & Community Survey pilots



Check List

Check List



- Call upon your Governors & other state policy makers to exempt federally-funded jobs in state child nutrition & WIC agencies for furloughs, layoffs & travel restrictions.
- Comment on USDA's proposed new school meal rules
- Stay tuned for new USDA policy guidance, rules & requirements on new provisions



Check List

49

Webinar Series

Future calls will look more closely at key areas, including Afterschool Meal Program expansion, new provisions for child care, summer food, changes to school meal eligibility & certification processes & the school nutrition environment.

Next webinar:

January 13, 2011 Child & Adult Care Food

Food Research and Action Center

CONTACT INFORMATION

50

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Slide 50

51







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