

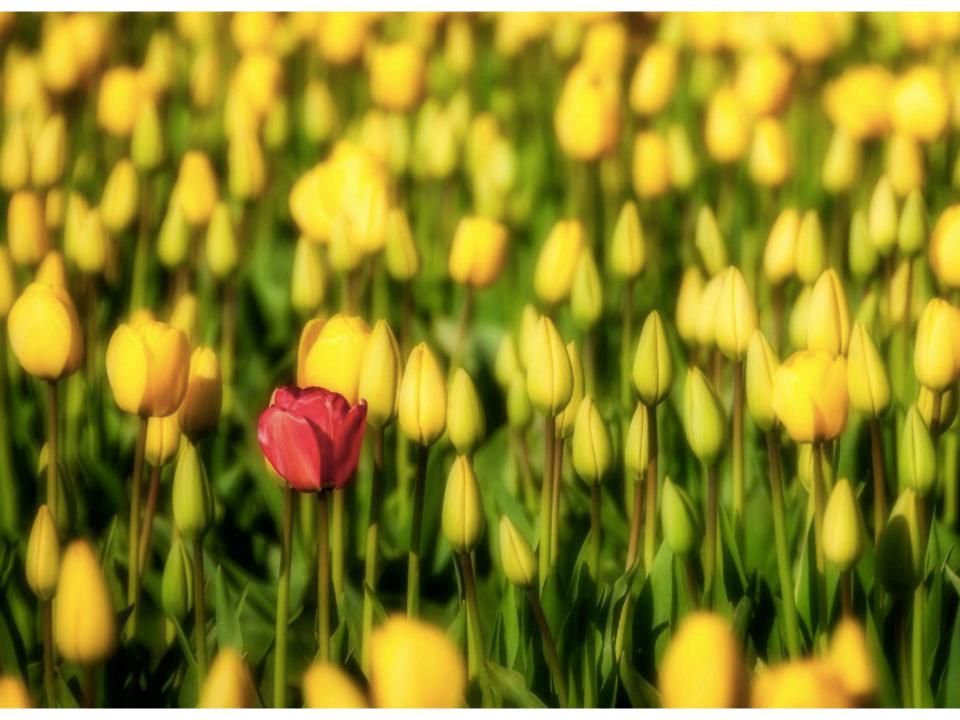
Stacy Dean with Lexin Cai

February 5, 2020

SNAP:

A View From DC

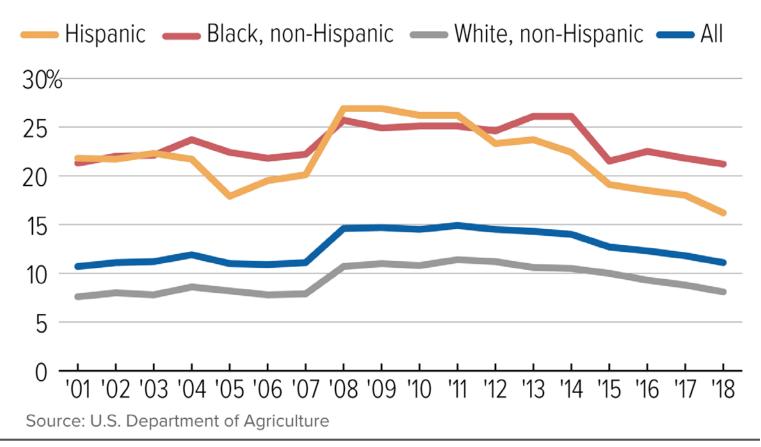






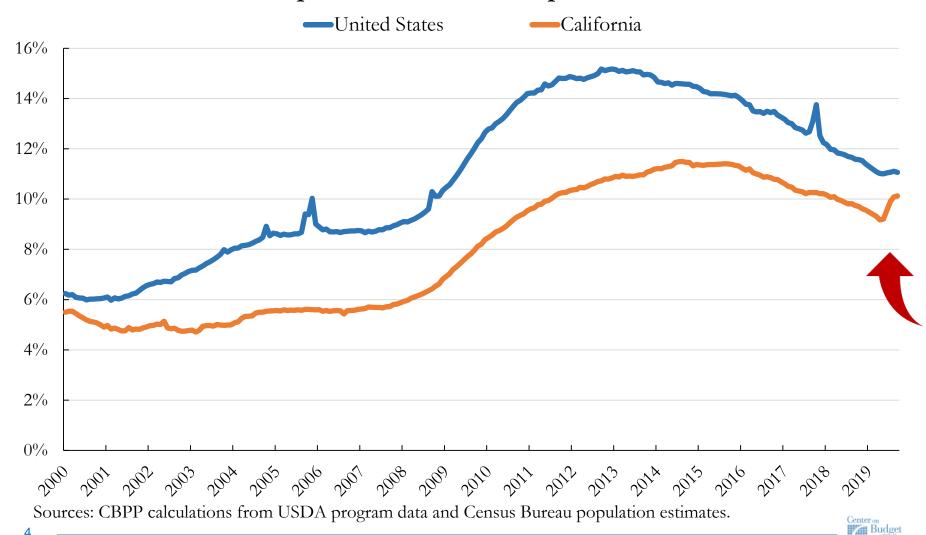
Food Insecurity by Race and Ethnicity Reveals Stark Disparities

Percentage of households that lacked access to adequate food at some point in the year, by race and ethnicity, 2001-2018



How Well Is SNAP Reaching People?

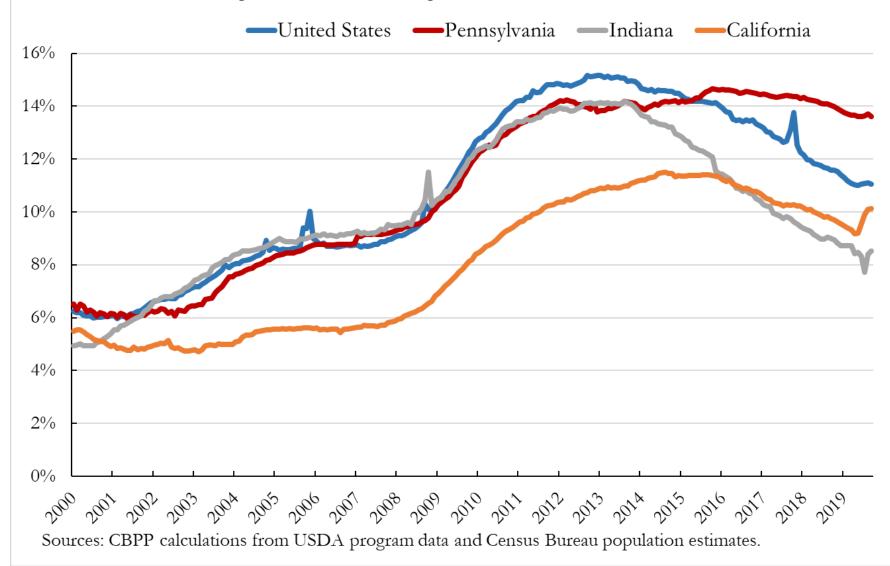
Number of SNAP Participants as a Share of Population, 2000-2019



Comparing SNAP Caseloads Across States

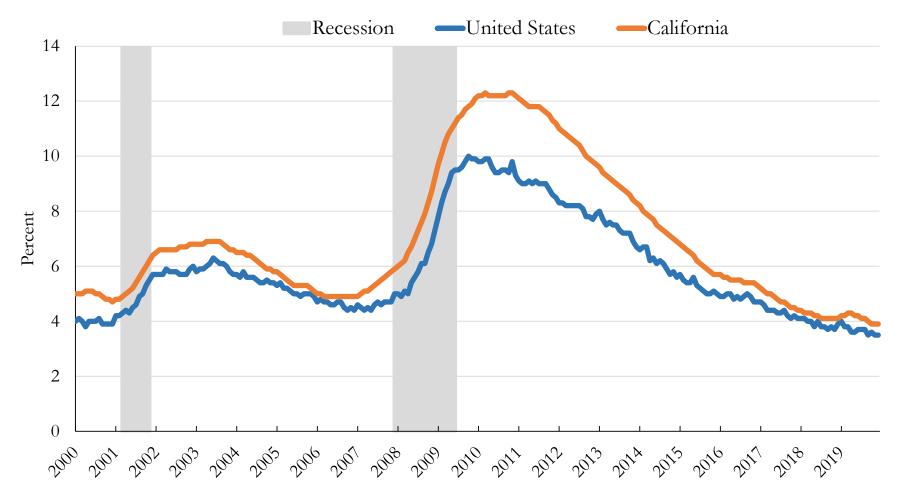
Diverging SNAP Caseload

Number of SNAP Participants as a Share of Population, 2000-2019



Unemployment is Low

Monthly Unemployment Rates, January 2000 - December 2019

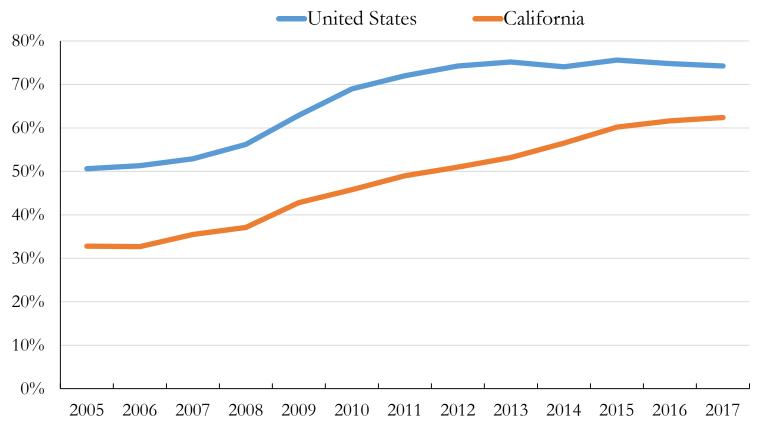


Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.



California Program Access Index Nearly Doubled

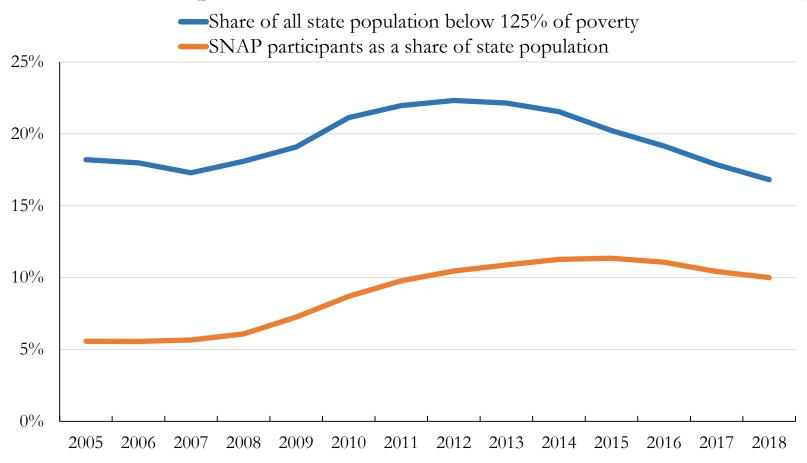
SNAP Program Access Index, 2005-2017



Note: The Program Access Index is the ratio of SNAP participants over the calendar year to the total number of people with income below 125 percent of the poverty line. The PAI is used for assessing SNAP performance bonuses. The 2017 rate is a CBPP estimate and may not match FNS's estimates, especially for states with large participation in the Food Donation Program on Indian Reservations (FDPIR), with D-SNAP in 2017, or for California because of SSI cash-out. https://www.fns.usda.gov/snap/calculating-supplemental-nutrition-assistance-program-snap-program-access-index-step-step-guide

California Low-Income Population Falling, SNAP Flatter

How the Number of SNAP Participants as a Share of the Population Tracks the Share of People in Households with Income Below 125% of Poverty



Sources: U.S. Census Bureau 2005-2017 American Community Survey and CBPP calculations from USDA program data and Census Bureau population estimates.

But California Still Below Many States

	2007	2015	2017
California – Overall Rate	51%	70%	
California – Working Poor	34%	57%	
California – PAI	35.5%	60.2%	62.3%
Georgia – Overall Rate	64%	86%	
Georgia – Working Poor	58%	74%	
Georgia – PAI	54.7%	81.0%	78.8%
Nevada – Overall Rate	61%	81%	
Nevada – Working Poor	49%	77%	
Nevada – PAI	35.4%	76.6%	85.1%



What Next? Maintaining Momentum

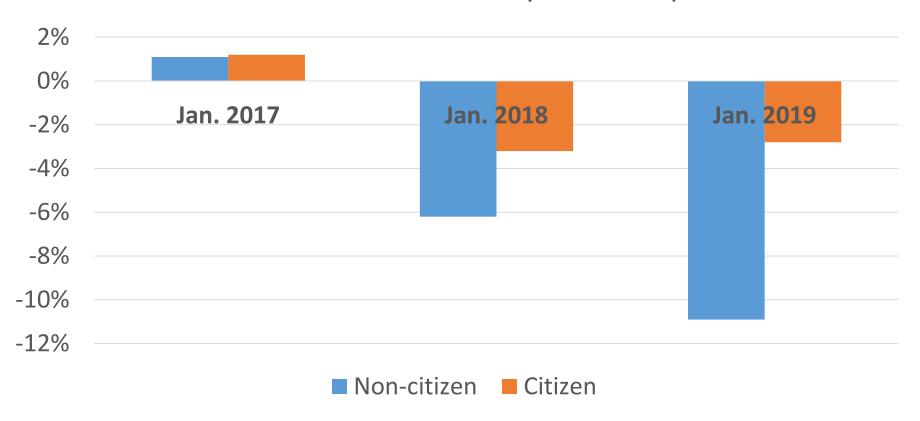
- Dig in on the issues:
 - Economic drivers
 - Policy
 - Process
 - Climate

- Assessing solutions
- Setting goals



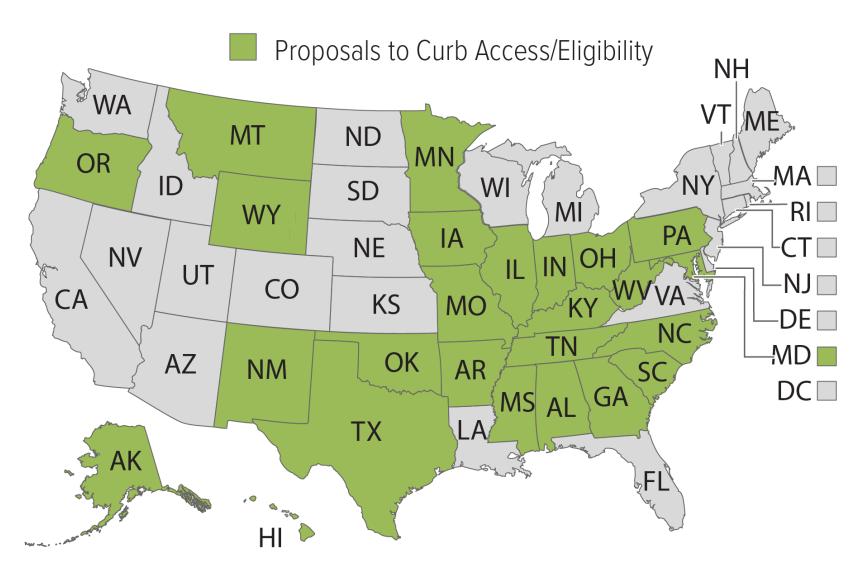
Consider Citizen/Non-Citizen Trends

NYC SNAP Enrollment: Percent Change Over Previous Year in SNAP Caseload by Citizenship



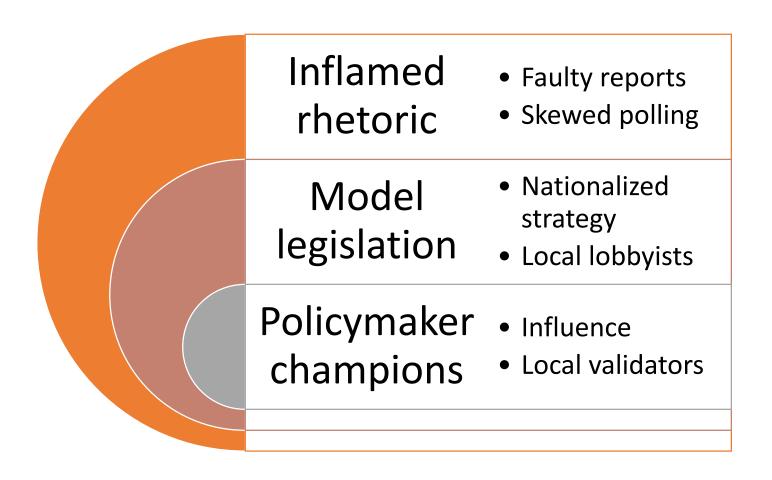


2019 SNAP State Legislation



Source: CBPP compilation of SNAP-related state legislative proposals in 2019

Consistent Ideas -- Evolving Playbook







FOOD STAMP WORK REQUIREMENTS HELPED MISSISSIPPI TAXPAYERS SAVE NEARLY \$93 MILLION PER YEAR, NEW STUDY FINDS

November 4th, 2019

FGA



Is your state pro-dependency or pro-opportunity?



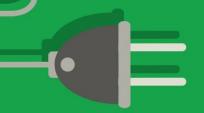


Federal Regulatory Threats



Protect the Power of SNAP for Hungry Households

Submit a comment to keep #HandsOffSNAP at FRAC.org/snap-sua-comments





#HANDSOFFSNAP



